
About LoRa

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What is LoRa?

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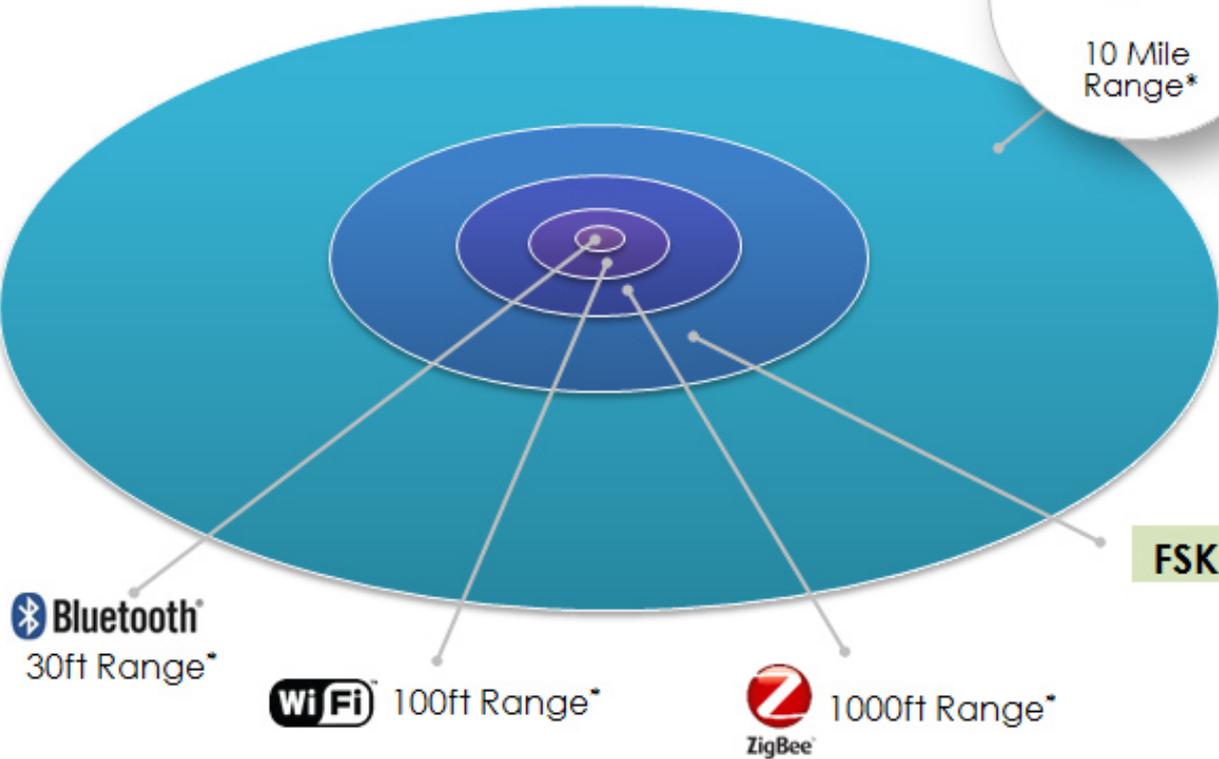
Smart IoT applications have improved the way we interact and are addressing some of the biggest challenges facing cities and communities: climate change, pollution control, early warning of natural disasters, and saving lives. Businesses are benefiting too, through improvements in operations and efficiencies as well as reduction in costs.

This wireless RF technology is being integrated into cars, street lights, manufacturing equipment, home appliances, wearable devices ? anything, really. LoRa Technology is making our world a Smart Planet." - Semtech

What is LoRa™



10 Mile Range*



Source: Semtech

LAN
Short Range
Communicating Devices

ZigBee 4.0 Bluetooth WiFi

Well established standards

Good for:

- Mobile
- In-home
- Short range

Not good for:

- Battery life
- Long range

Cellular
Long Range w/ Power
Traditional M2M

GSM 3G+/H+ 4G

Well established standards

Good for:

- Long range
- High data-rate
- Coverage

Not good for:

- Battery life

Low Power WAN
Long Range w/ Battery
Internet of Objects

SIGFOX LoRa NEUL

Emerging PHY standards

Good for:

- Long range
- Long battery
- Low cost

Not good for:

- High data-rate

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Long range and low power

- At +14dbm output power, 868MHz
- In Sub-GHz >5km dense urban >13km suburban >80VLOS

Robust communication

- Not susceptible to interference from Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, GSM, LTE, etc

High accuracy localization and ranging

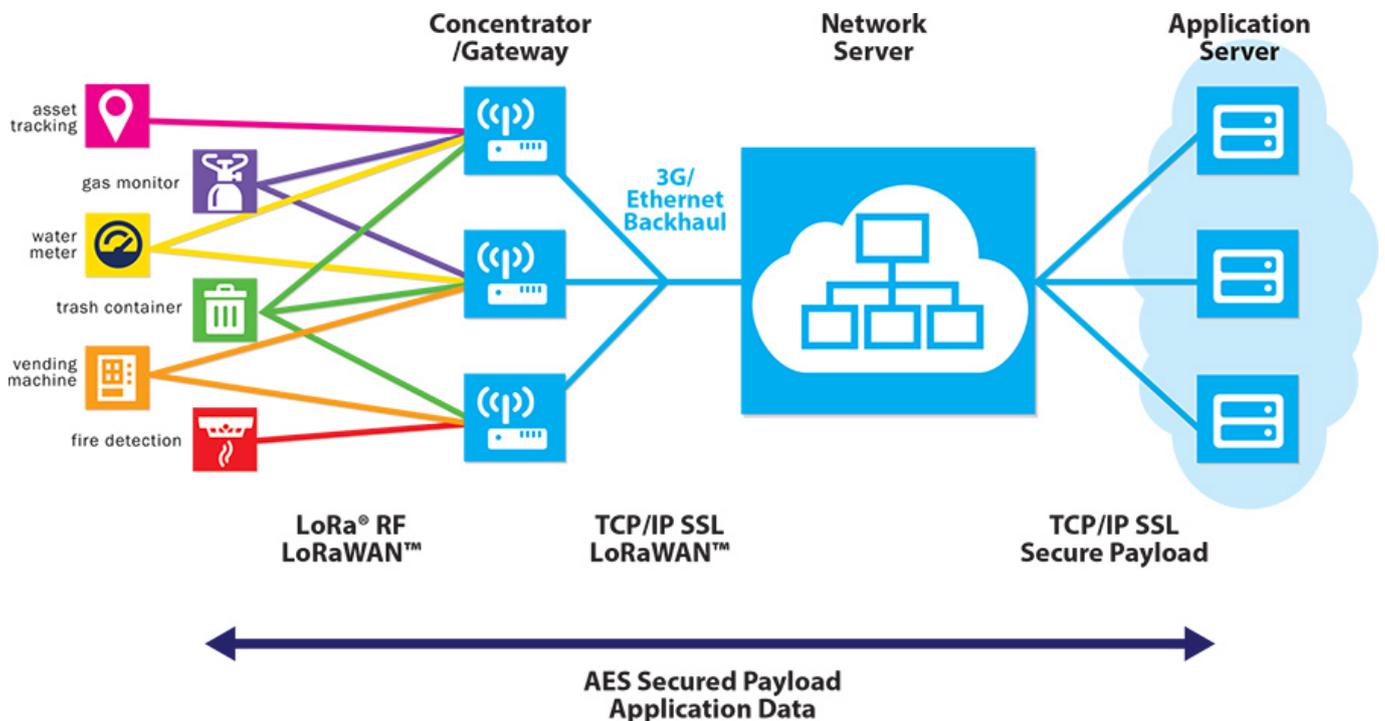
- Modulation format permits high accuracy localization
- Not RSSI based and accounts for multi-path and fading
- Permits high volume additional features

Improved network capacity

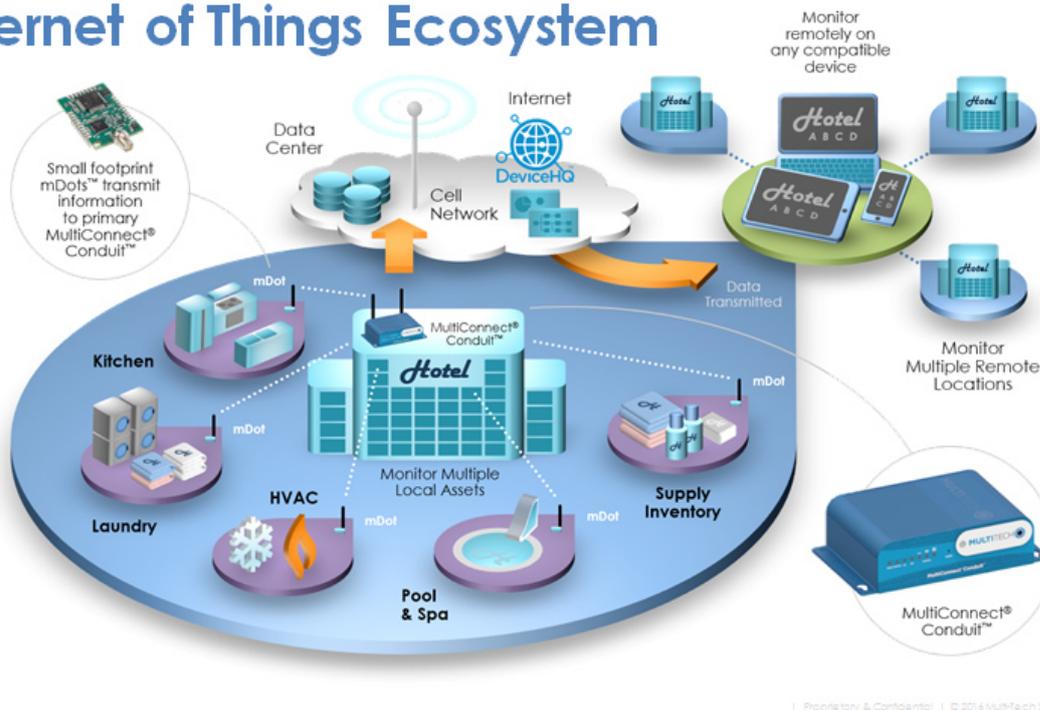
- Connect more nodes
- Additional capacity for features

Many of the next wave of devices to be connected will be fixed location sensors that:

- Must operate on batteries for 7 to 10 years
- Will send less than 1,000 bytes of data a day
- Must be extremely low cost to buy and operate
- Indoor units will need good building penetration
- Outdoor units will need exceptional range
- Security will be a major issue



Internet of Things Ecosystem



LoRa Alliance? Technology

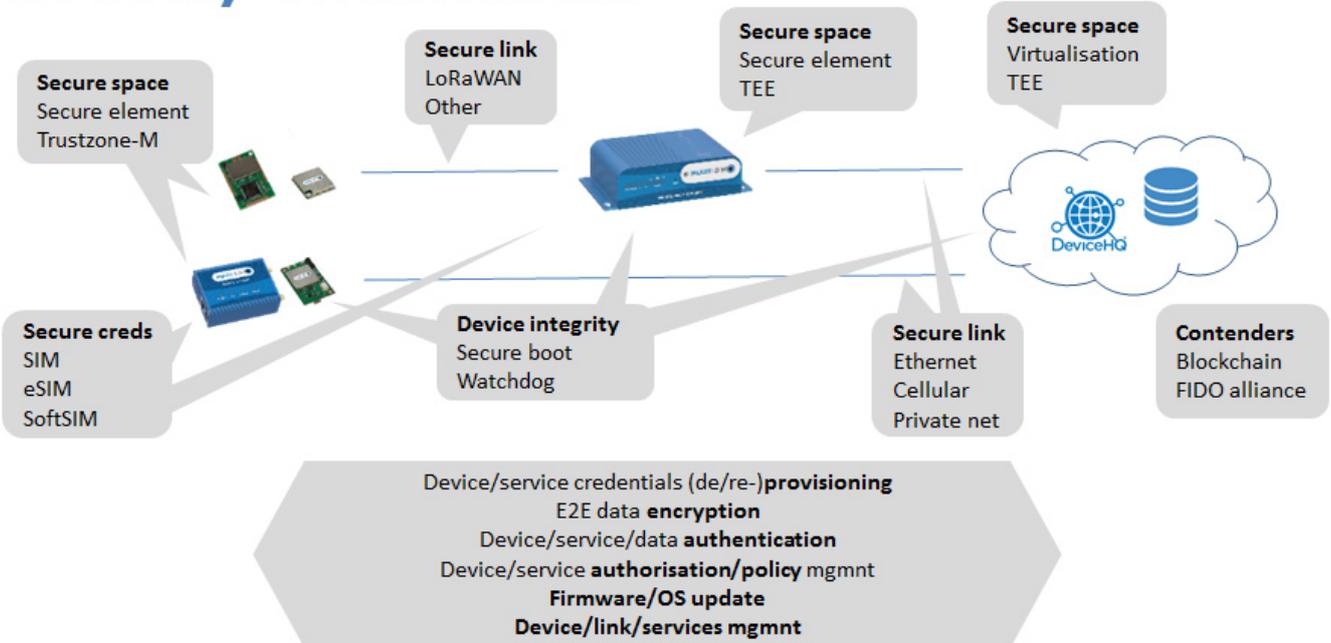
LoRaWAN? is a Low Power Wide Area Network (LPWAN) specification intended for wireless battery operated Things in a regional, national or global network. LoRaWAN targets key requirements of Internet of Things such as secure bi-directional communication, mobility and localization services. The LoRaWAN specification provides seamless interoperability among smart Things without the need of complex local installations and gives back the freedom to the user, developer, businesses enabling the roll out of Internet of Things.

LoRaWAN network architecture is typically laid out in a star-of-stars topology in which gateways is a transparent bridge relaying messages between end-devices and a central network server in the backend. Gateways are connected to the network server via standard IP connections while end-devices use single-hop wireless communication to one or many gateways. All end-point communication is generally bi-directional, but also supports operation such as multicast enabling software upgrade over the air or other mass distribution messages to reduce the on air communication time.

Communication between end-devices and gateways is spread out on different frequency channels and data rates. The selection of the data rate is a trade-off between communication range and message duration. Due to the spread spectrum technology, communications with different data rates do not interfere with each other and create a set of "virtual" channels increasing the capacity of the gateway. LoRaWAN data rates range from 0.3 kbps to 50 kbps. To maximize both battery life of the end-devices and overall network capacity, the LoRaWAN network server is

managing the data rate and RF output for each end-device individually by means of an adaptive data rate (ADR) scheme.

Security enablement



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National wide networks targeting internet of things such as critical infrastructure, confidential personal data or critical functions for the society has a special need for secure communication. This has been solved by several layer of encryption:

- Unique Network key (EUI64) and ensure security on network level
- Unique Application key (EUI64) ensure end to end security on application level
- Device specific key (EUI128)

LoRaWAN has several different classes of end-point devices to address the different needs reflected in the wide range of applications:

- Bi-directional end-devices (Class A): End-devices of Class A allow for bi-directional communications whereby each end-device's uplink transmission is followed by two short downlink receive windows. The transmission slot scheduled by the end-device is based on its own communication needs with a small variation based on a random time basis (ALOHA-type of protocol). This Class A operation is the lowest power end-device system for applications that only require downlink communication from the server

shortly after the end-device has sent an uplink transmission. Downlink communications from the server at any other time will have to wait until the next scheduled uplink.

- Bi-directional end-devices with scheduled receive slots (Class B): In addition to the Class A random receive windows, Class B devices open extra receive windows at scheduled times. In order for the End-device to open its receive window at the scheduled time it receives a time synchronized Beacon from the gateway. This allows the server to know when the end-device is listening.
- Bi-directional end-devices with maximal receive slots (Class C): End-devices of Class C have nearly continuously open receive windows, only closed when transmitting. Class C

Unlocking the Future

To better address those billions of IoT devices only transmitting a megabyte of data per month, and in most cases far less, LPWA offers the opportunity to free industrial applications from the consumer-driven cycles of the public cellular networks by providing the stability of public or private networks designed and built specifically for machines.

These networks extend battery life and range and providing ?good enough? connectivity for the large majority of connected device use cases.

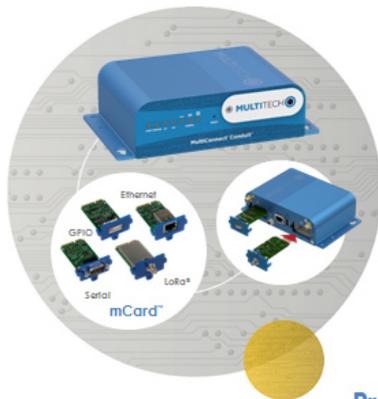
LoRa works best for remotely deployed applications that require long-range or deep in-building communication between a large number of devices that have low power requirements and collect low or sporadic amounts of data. Created by the LoRa? Alliance to standardize LPWANs, LoRa utilizes worldwide unlicensed spectrum such as those in the 433/470/868/780/915 MHz ISM bands, which is more cost efficient to develop and deploy assets into than the 40+ global LTE bands and experiences less interference compared to Wi-Fi (which operates at 2.4GHz and 5GHz) and Bluetooth.

LoRa technology allows public or private single- or multi-tenant networks to connect multiple applications in the same space ? coexisting to enable new IoT, M2M, smart city, sensor-network, and industrial automation applications. Leveraging a star topography, the sensors communicate with gateways. The gateways can then act as a transparent bridge relaying messages between end-devices and a central network server on the backend, which is ideal for public nationwide deployments, where gateways are connected to the network server via standard IP connections as well as for highly controlled private rollouts where security and control are essential.

Multi-Tech LoRa Products

MultiConnect[®] Conduit[™]

LoRaWAN[™] Gateways & Base Stations



Industrial

- Improved coverage in buildings & production facilities
- Connect assets using LoRa and other industrial field bus technologies



External IP67 Rated

- Macro deployment for Maximum range
- Designed for challenging external environments
- Lightning Arrestor

Programmable IoT Gateway + LoRa Gateway

- Azure, AWS, Exocite Murano, IBM Watson, HPE, OSI Soft Pi Systems, Telit deviceWise ...
- Actility, Loraot, Orbwise, Senet, Stream, TheThingsNetwork ...

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MultiConnect[®] mDot[™] & xDot[™]

LoRaWAN[™] 868MHz & 915MHz Certified Modules



mDot[™]

High Performance LoRaWAN SOM

- Cortex-M4 STM32F411
- 100MHz, 512K Flash, 128K RAM
- ARMmbed classic or OS v5.1 or AT Cmds
- XBee compatible
- Onboard SPI Flash



xDot[™]

Optimized for battery performance & cost

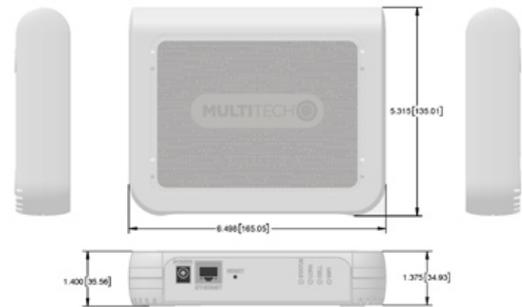
- Cortex-M3 STM32L151
- 32MHz, 256K Flash, 32K RAM
- ARMmbed OS v5.1 or AT Command driven
- Sub 2uAmp in deep sleep
- LGA Package 23.6x23.6mm
- Optional Secure Element



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MultiConnect[®] Conduit[™] AP

Access Point for LoRa Technology



Commercial

- 4G-LTE, Wi-Fi or Ethernet Backhaul
- Ideal for in-building coverage and enhanced SLAs within commercial facilities
- Use cases include Residential & Office Building Automation, Retail, Exhibition Centers & Smart Cities

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